All Move in Erewash - The Story So Far

Introduction

Through All Move in Erewash, the aim is to develop a collective understanding of how to create a fairer experience of, and access to, moving every day for all our residents with a limiting illness, longterm condition or disability that live independently.

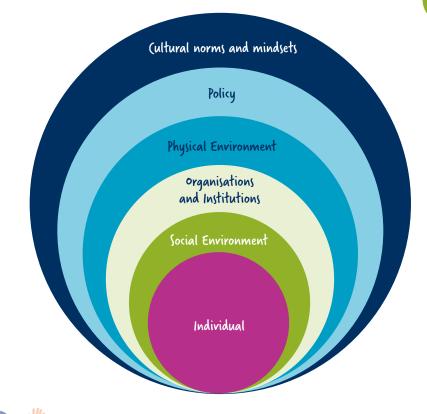
There's a need to improve health and wellbeing and reduce inequalities. We know that people with a disability or long-term health condition are twice as likely to be inactive as those without. In Erewash, 27,000 adults experience being inactive and almost 10,000 of these people have a limiting illness, long-term condition and/or disability.

We recognise that everyone is different and we'd like to explore what helps and hinders people with a limiting illness, long-term condition and/ or disability to be active. Considering: - Routines/habits and attitudes towards being active

- Individual social circumstances/environment - An individual's close network - family, friends, carers etc
- The groups, services and organisations which support or have
- contact with individuals

This document aims to capture, share and generate conversations based on our shared learning to date, and enable change.

To help develop our understanding, we have used the onion diagram below to explore different influences of physical activity behaviour. A summary of these discussions can be found on the following pages:



Please share this document with colleagues and individuals so that we can continue to grow the conversation. If you would like to get involved or receive updates about the work click here



(ultural norms and mindsets

- The views of society on illness amongst the elderly, inclusivity and promoting quality of life
- Perceived 'personal' mindsets misunderstanding of people with a longterm condition, limiting condition and/or disability
- Understanding and inclusiveness comes from being around individuals with differing needs
- The need to educate more of the workforce around supportive assistance – for example, leisure staff understanding different conditions and how to support and interact with people who have them
- A greater need to see people "like me" in promotional materials, groups and clubs to help acceptance and normalise inclusivity
- People always hear what they can't do following a diagnosis from clinicians; not what they can do – how can we reframe these conversations
- Medical system is designed around the 'solution' to the problem being medication – this doesn't help encourage people to be active

Policy

- Access to leisure Support for carers to access provision (for free or at a lower rate), and services designed for different impairments
- **People's disposable income** to spend on their own health
- **Cost of opportunities** e.g. clubs, gym, football and associated travel
- Workplace policies and practice not encouraging active behaviour e.g. helping people find the time to be active in/around work
- Fitness to work disincentive to be healthier as may pose risk to benefits
- Free groups available but often penalises working people as they are during the day
- Need for **better education around communicating with individuals** with different impairments e.g. sight/hearing
- Service design short term interventions e.g. 12-weeks but then what?

Physical Environment

- The need for the right environment for different conditions/disabilities
- There's geographical inequality in provision. Need for more local facilities and things to do
- Sensory factors smells, noise, lights, crowds etc. that may limit access to certain venues or the ability to use public transport
- Perceptions as to what is "safe" in terms of local area and provision
- Lack of **knowledge of what is available** and suitable to the individual's needs
- Negative perceptions of what's on offer locally e.g. potentially embarrassing to be in the gym
- Access to transport and potential associated costs if don't have their own means
- Access to buildings and green spaces

All Move in Erewash



organisations and Institutions

- Reliance on services for social connections – fragile if services change
- Buddies to help support access
- Social prescribing can help to introduce to new situations
- There's still greater need to tailor support and opportunities – inclusivity, understanding limitations, programming at the right time of day, understanding the individual not just the condition
- In-person support / reassurance / intervention is important – from the healthcare system
- There's a need for more staff / patient conversation. A Moving conversation
 - to prevent pressure sores
 - health coaches awareness
 - part of session
- Reduced services a challenge to find additional services that meet people's needs – costs, transport, lack of support etc

Social Environment

- Family/carer dependency. If there is no support this limits what can be accessed
- Lack of understanding of the impact of the condition among family/friends
- The perceptions of others
- Where there is little family support, it leads to isolation
- Impact of caring upon the **mental** wellbeing of the carer
- Fear of not being well enough to care, and not enough time or energy left
- Shrinking social circle growing isolation
- The pandemic has reduced confidence leading to reduced attendance of groups

Individual

- Condition can be so unpredictable in how it limits – "Good hours, bad hours. Good days, bad days"
- Boredom from isolation
- Anxiety about starting something new
- Lacking confidence to start something new
- The impact of the condition on mental wellbeing...
- Fear of causing pain by moving more
- Fear of making things worse **and** losing benefits
- Low motivation
- The impact of the medications on drowsiness, body shape, weight, motivation etc

All Move in Erewash



How do we have 10,000 conversations?

We talked about building understanding through conversations with those who are inactive and are living with a limiting illness, long-term condition and/or disability. These were ideas that came through

Support health practitioners to change the language around moving more to a more consistent and simple message:

- E.g. "When it comes to moving more, doing something is better than nothing, doing more is better still" to help bridge the gap between knowledge and behaviour
- Support practitioners to understand the Chief Medical Officer's recommendation around minutes and intensity
- Encourage practitioners to pledge to have the conversation
- Make appropriate training available and promote

Consider how best to enable more in depth conversations with those that need it:

- Making every conversation count quality conversations
- Use of social prescribers/health coaches
- Integrated approach across health and social care

Getting out there to get the message out:

- Stalls in public places where there's high footfall ... make it local
- Liaise with practices & promote (i.e. diabetes clinics, 'Recovery Groups' covers many areas inc. physical activity (part of assessment)
- Promotion to public of what's already available e.g.Live Life Better > and not reliant on social media
- Taster sessions
- Local press TV, Radio, Social media
- Tech buddy show how to use technology
- Podcasts

Establish a directory of Local activites e.g.walking/football/ cricket/netball etc. Promote alongside the key messages

Continue to map and understand the network that can reach people with long term conditions, illness and/or disability:

- Identify who's having these conversations and who are they speaking to
- Think about the diversity of this part of our population and how they can be reached

Continue to build the stakeholders network to maintain partnership working

Helping partners to understand each other's roles and potential for collaboration. Support this with regular information sharing e.g. network newsletters

Consider what can be done to enable better education of children and parents around moving more:

- Enabling people to start moving early
- Learn from what is done in school



Bring in more people with lived experience into the network and make it an equal partnership between clinicians, stakeholders and individuals

Explore the potential of using 'system one'/GP systems to help identify people that we'd like to reach





What should we focus on depending on how much resource we have?

We asked what we should focus on, depending on how much resource we have. These are the ideas that came through:

Without any extra resource

- Develop a simple script for all network members to use to spread the word within their teams. Framing messaging towards 'moving more' that can be weaved into everyday conversations
- Look at how we can share positive messages via social media across the network
- Use existing contact with individuals to collect more information on individual behaviour. Explain why we're doing this and ask what support they need to move more
- Look at how referrals and assessments can be removed to access support services as they can often be barriers
- Use the network to share information about what's available locally – needs to be kept up to date
- Continue to **support and grow the network** to enable partnership working – open up to 'non professionals', residents and connect with other networks

 Make more of the existing Health literacy training and other resources that can support the work

With a little extra resource

 Develop a 'movement campaign' using a range of tactics from traditional media to social media to community engagement

 Develop an up-todate directory or place to look for
 suitable opportunities. Including relevant support services that are already available

Work with schools and other stakeholders to support the education of parents around the need to move more to prevent future health conditions

 Support 'Staff lifestyle' to help teams to move more themselves e.g. 'practice what you preach'

 Invest in developing a supportive network of stakeholders that are able to support this work

With a lot more extra resource

Develop more tailored, accessible and suitable activities for different conditions and recruit and support more volunteers to support this

Provide funding/investment to support people who experience transport barriers

- Establish an '**integrated approach**' between health, social care and community that:
 - Provides "1 patient record"
 - Supports integrated network / team meetings
 - Commissions services Medical and social model
 - Prescribes activity
- Establish a pro-active / screening process.
 Develop more direct links between individual, GP and social prescriber

Invest in a 'Buddying' service for moving more and accessing groups / classes that helps to provide personal 'movement mentors'

- Work with community providers to create
 better disability access = enabling
 environments
- More capacity into support services like social prescription, health coaches etc

What does success look like?

- Everyone having the same conversation
- Change in language
- More people at the next network event
- ✓ Shorter waiting lists
- Less than 10,000 people inactive
- More accessible activities/ environments
- More accessible resources / activities
- More varied activities - not just gym
- Service capacity increasing
- Better public understanding
- More resources to refer on to
- Referral process made easier



April 2022

(ontext of the session:

During the session in August we heard from individuals about their personal experiences of living with different long-term health conditions, and how this can effect their ability to move more.

These stories further highlight the complexities in how we take a collective approach to support individuals to adapt their behaviour and reaffirmed the need to enable a personcentered approach.

• If this was you, consider how you might motivate yourself to become physically active. What support might you need to enable these changes?

• Have you heard similar things before? As a professional/ volunteer/carer what support might you be able to provide? What would help you to provide this?

Mental Health - personal challenges

Groups solely aimed at those with mental health not always appropriate

Sometimes hard to get to activities / feel able to / want to but fear

Multiple chemical syndrome – sensitivity to specific smells -> anxiety

Short engagement with support / services

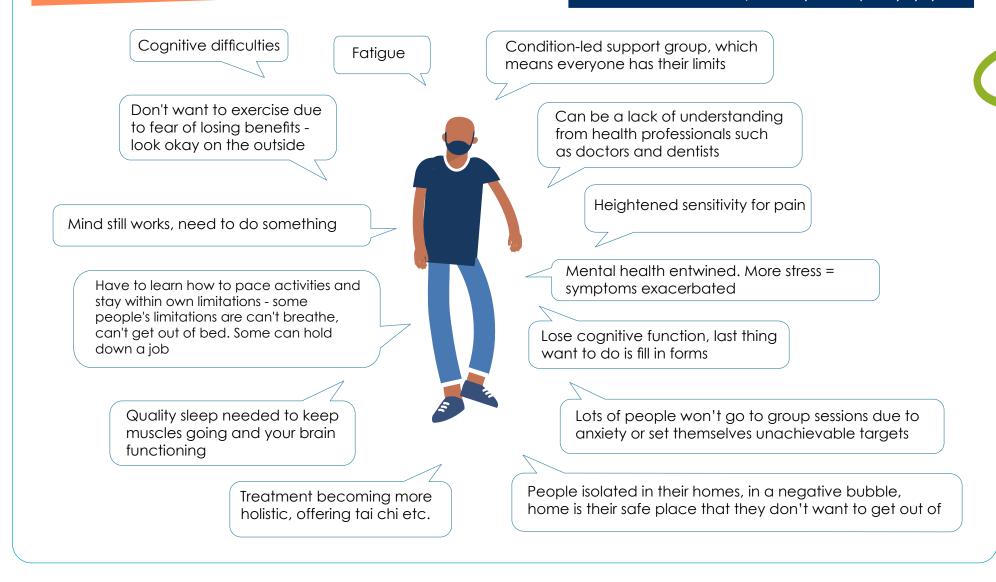
How to reach those struggling and not in services Lengthy waiting times Supporting trauma Still a stigma with mental health

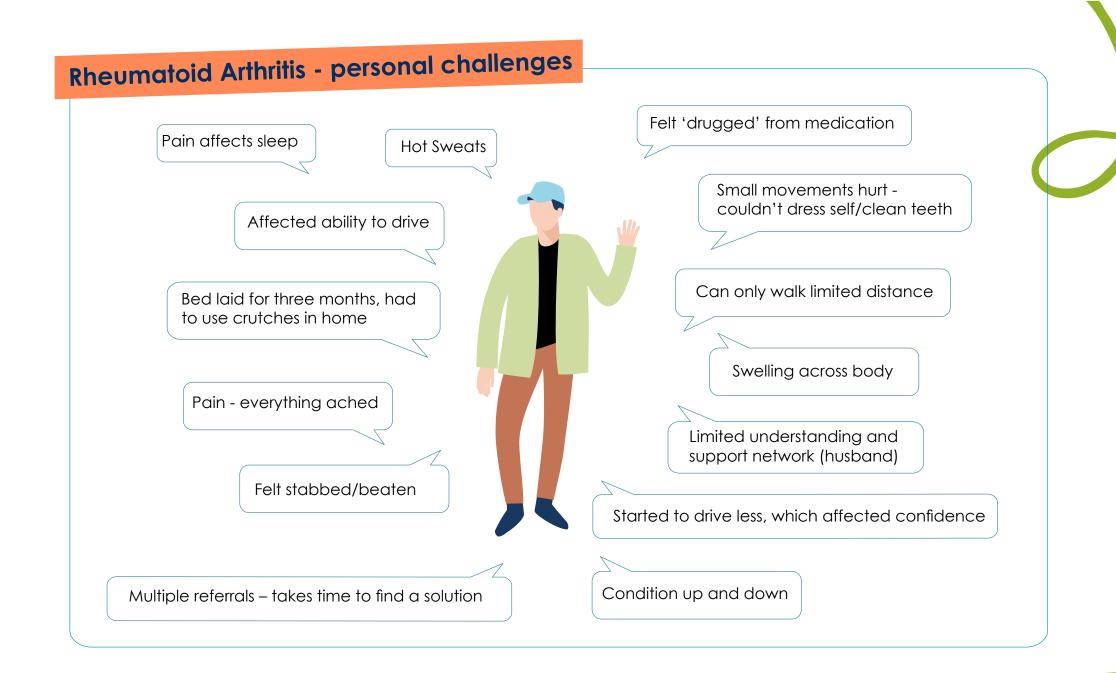


Fibromyalgia - personal challenges

At the session in August there was a number of people with Fibromyalgia in the room, and so below reflects the experiences of multiple people

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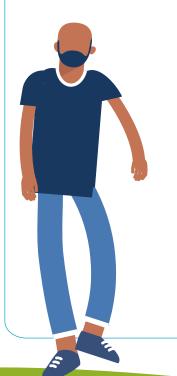


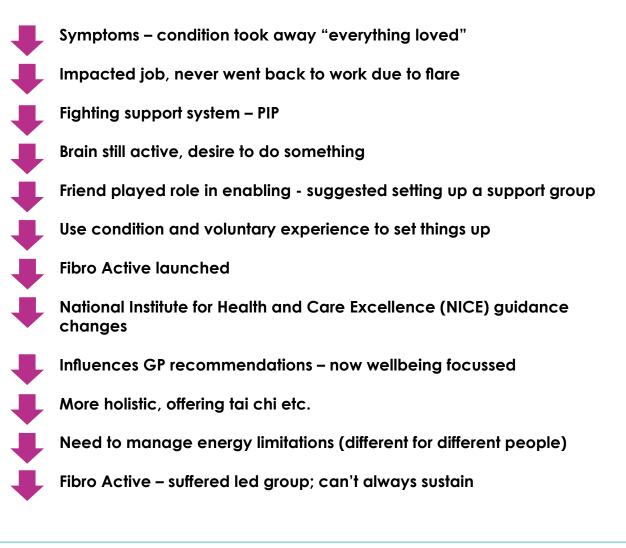




Fibromyalgia

Steps to (hoosing Physical Activity







Rheumatoid Arthritis

Steps to (hoosing Physical Activity



Found about benefits PA

New diet / Took self off pain killers (part of flare ups and very restrictive)

(Referral) Hydro therapy (limited availability) = sleep afterwards

PAIN affects sleep

Referred to physio and gym (London Road)

- Left to use equipment
- Wasn't acknowledged by staff when walked in

Big first step

Included some tai chi (limited availability) - rushed session

Can only walk limited distance

Started to drive less so affected confidence

Started Fibro after seeing advert

- Also caring for Mum
- Condition up and down
- Has treadmill @ home and walk with husband
- Attends multiple sessions doesn't feel like exercise takes mind off

Now volunteers for group -> Feels that it helps and doesn't want to let group down "do anything for Julie"

Now learning to be an instructor



What next?: How do we continue to develop our understanding and hear from others about their experiences? How do we continue to develop collective action?



The areas for action below were explored together at the November session

Based on what we've heard so far, the following framework sets out opportunities for collective action.

Areas for action	Including	Opportunity Statement	What change are we trying to create?	What action has already started?
Deep dive into specific conditions	Understanding experiences, care and its complexities through the eyes of stakeholders, carers and residents Identify opportunities for local focussed engagement Contribution/experiences of peer support groups	To build trust with the community so they feel more empowered to share lived experience and perspectives, so that this can inform decisions and priorities locally	Building a better understanding of the needs of people that experience different health conditions, to inform decision-making around services, investments and infrastructure Empower communities to build resilience and sustainability within the community	Conversations to look at how best to engage with people with fibromyalgia Getting further data on prevalent long-term conditions in Erewash Community survey evidence around what should be seen as a health priority in 2022 Deaf mental health awareness event and recommendations
Social Prescribing – bridging links between need and supply	Learn from Couch to 5X model in Amber Valley Enhancing links to Live Life Better Derbyshire	To ensure a clear pathway of support is available to those that require it – and identify where it doesn't exist (to help inform the need for future support)	Residents know how to access support and have the confidence to move more – however best works for them There are clear and consistent 'bridges' between people needing support and those that can offer/provide it	Introduced a new Social Prescriber into the Erewash Team that builds on the learning so far



Areas for action	Including	Opportunity Statement	What change are we trying to create?	What action has already started?
Workforce	Reducing stigma by reframing the conversations Developing person-centred conversations and greater connectivity amongst the local workforce through Quality Conversations Developing a model of peer support / buddies and understanding the value it creates for people involved Establishing an approach to encouraging an active workforce	The workforce has the knowledge and skills to treat everyone appropriately, with respect and encouragement to move more More efficient and effective use of the 'workforce' (employed, volunteers, family & friends)	Everyone with a limiting illness, long-term condition or disability experiences appropriate, person- centred, and compassionate conversations with services and stakeholders that support them to make choices to move more More of a voice and choice for everyone with a limiting illness, long-term condition or disability	Work has started on working with the 11 practices around the Active Practice Charter Conversations with Team Up supporting residents that are housebound Conversations are happening about how we get referrals at the right time for the individual rather than just collecting numbers of referrals
Language & (ommunications	A simple script around language. Including the Moving Medicines Consensus Statement - to enable this to be central to local practice Open data to aggregate and communicate opportunities to be active in Erewash Use of Quality Conversations framework Information is shared in a way that meets the needs of individuals i.e. adapting for different impairment groups	To spread the word about the value of moving more every day for everyone To create one place where all appropriate opportunities to be active can be shared Empowering the community to understand and communicate the value of moving more to others	A simple, consistent, and inclusive way of explaining the benefits of moving more for everyone Greater understanding of the choices that are available to people and the gaps that may exist Build resilience and sustainability into the community	Secured support from Active Derbyshire marketing and comms team Influencing conversations nationally around Open data through "OpenActive' and "Open Referral UK"



November 2022

Areas for action	Including	Opportunity Statement	What change are we trying to create?	What action has already started?
Network	Building the network to help stakeholders and residents stay connected and have capacity to facilitate and connect Connecting to the place- based community wellness networks Using the network to create and listen to 10,000 conversations – supporting stakeholders to share lived experience into the network	To connect as many organisations/ services/stakeholders to each other so that we can support people to find common ground and work together to create change/build resilience and sustainability The network understands where to share key messages within the system to effectively enable change	More of the system is visible and connected to itself leading to more collaborative work A system-based approach to enable people to move more in a way that works for them, influencing policy and practice	The All Move in Erewash network is continuing and we're trying to connect more people and stakeholders into it Sharing data and lived experience between those involved in the network to reduce the need to have the same conversation multiple times with different parts of the system through "All Move In Erewash – the Story So Far"
Active Environments	The need for the right environment for different conditions/disabilities Improved access to buildings and green spaces; the need for more local facilities and things to do Considering sensory factors that may limit access to certain venues or the ability to use public transport	We collectively develop a greater understanding of how the local environment influences being active. This insight is used to shape future policy, design and practice	Inclusion and movement is considered and built into the design of spaces and places Local people are engaged in the co-design of their local places Activities and places are walkable and connected	Walk Derbyshire developments in Erewash



Ahead of the appointment of a new All Move in Erewash Physical Activity Inclusion Officer, priorities for the work were discussed at the December session.

The following is a summary:

Q. What range of conditions should AMIE focus on in the immediate future? A few specific conditions or everything and why?



Q. We've heard of Social

...so is Activity Prescription

and Green Prescription

December 2023

Q. Which is the biggest barrier to accessing opportunities... Confidence or Cost? And how can we overcome them?

Available finances...

not always a priority

Need for concessions

for some groups

Feel vulnerable

Both major barriers to

Limited family/friends

to support

December 2023

accessing opportunities

Q. To what extent is social isolation as much a danger to health as not moving and to what extent should this feature as a benefit of AMIE.

As much a danger to health if

Common interest can

help form friendships

together

not more than physical exercise

Helps support physical exercise

Virtuous circle...health -

as more likely to go the gym

friendship - health

Q. How will we know when AMIE has made a difference, and how can we use any evidence to support the continuation of the NEW Physical Activity Inclusion Officer?

Could be medical... Blood sugar, Blood pressure, Weight (but not BMI)... done through medical reviews

People could measure themselves e.g. self-confidence, happiness, energy levels

Need to start from Day 1

Measure all sorts of benefits/impacts not just the obvious ones



Q. Take a look at the AMIE Physical Activity Inclusion Officer Job Description and list at least two priorities/outcomes.

