

Co-production

Laura Horton Disability Rights UK | GYA





What is co-production?

- The term co-production refers to a way of working, where everybody works together on an equal basis to create a service or come to a decision which works for them all.
- Built on the principle that those who are affected by a service are best placed to help design it.
- When services are genuinely co-produced they generally work better!

Definition of co-production

There are many different definitions of co-production. Think Local Act Personal explains co-production in this way:

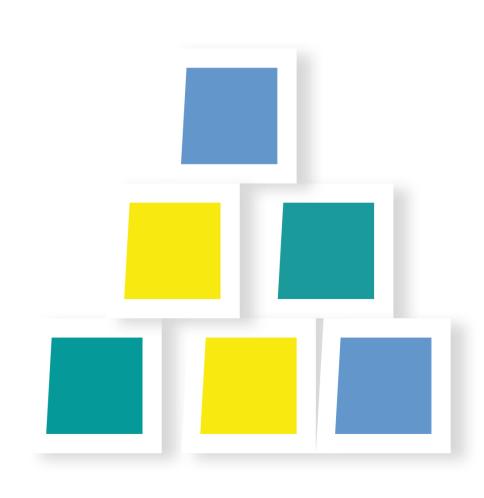
 Co-production is not just a word, it's not just a concept, it is a meeting of minds coming together to find a shared solution. In practice, it involves people who use services being consulted, included and working together from the start to the end of any project that affects them.

SCIE explain it as:

 'People who use services and carers working with professionals in equal partnerships towards shared goals.'







Key principles and values of co-production

- Equality
- Diversity
- Accessibility
- Reciprocity

Co-production is a *mindset* and a *way of working* in which you:











Build on everyone's strengths

Develop networks across silos Focus on people's lives, not systems Work on the basis of great relationships

Enable people to be change makers

(The Co-production Network for Wales)

So why bother?



We are in the midst of the biggest public health crisis of a generation



We need fresh ideas and approaches



We can unlock expertise and knowledge



Working together makes us stronger!

Benefits for people who use services

- Co-production means that projects can deliver what people want and that they are more likely to stay engaged in them.
- People become respected as experts
- People gain confidence in themselves and have opportunities to develop skills
- They can benefit from peer networks and support and gain a new sense of purpose.



Benefits for practitioners

- Better knowledge and ideas, as well as more effective delivery
- Better outcomes for people
- Increased demand for the activity or service
- Improved organisational decision making

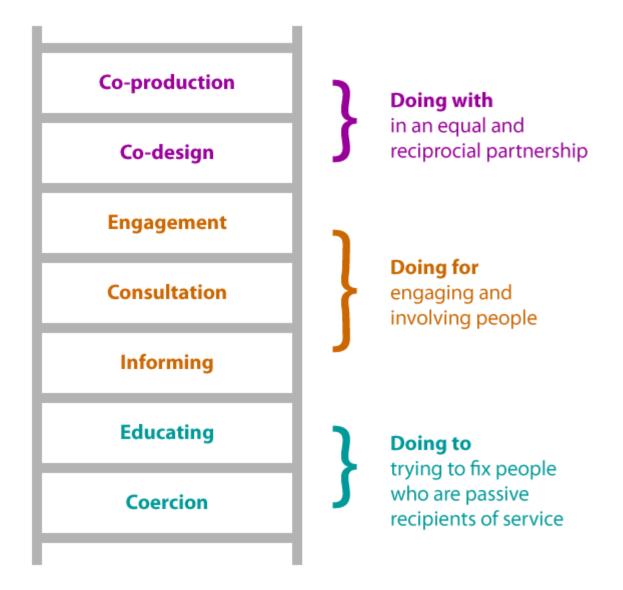


Benefits for the community

- Collaborative problem solving
- Money and resource is spent on things that work for the community
- Co-production can build stronger communities



Coproduction Ladder



Who can do co-production?



 Anyone who is committed to doing genuine co-production can do it as a meaningful mechanism for change and successful development and delivery of their project, activity, or service.



So what is co-production again?

Co-production is a way of *being* and *becoming*; it is about the methodological *embodied* attitude taken.

Good co-production cannot be reduced or captured through a protocol or ingenious methods. It is inherently unpredictable.

Learn to live with embodied uncertainty. Learn to *feel* comfortable with uncomfortability.



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